

IRELAND'S HOUR OF NEED

**The Relief Meeting at Lincoln Hall
Last Night.**

Large Attendance and Much Enthusiasm—
Address by Judge Cartright—Speeches by
Senator Thurman and Other Prom-
inent Men—Mr. Corcoran's
Generous Contribution—
\$3,000 Contributed.

The Irish Relief Meeting.
Every seat in Lincoln Hall was occupied last evening and hundreds were turned away, unable to find even standing room, on the occasion of the meeting for the relief of the suffering poor of Ireland. The stage was elaborately decorated with the American and Irish colors, beaming stencils, banners for and against

Seats had been arranged for a host of distinguished gentlemen, and, strange to say, nearly all invited were in attendance. Among those on the platform were Senators Thurman

of Florida; Speaker Randall, Representative Butterworth, Ohio; Keena, West Virginia; Loring, Massachusetts; Ford, Missouri; Ellis, Louisiana; Wright, Pennsylvania; Gooden, Virginia; Hays, Illinois; Saylor, Solicitor of the Treasury; Assistant Secretary of the Interior Alonzo Bell, Hon. G. C. Gorham, W. W. Corcoran, esq., Mr. A. M. Clapp, Rev. J. E. Rankin, Judge David K. Carter, Hon. J. R. Hawley, Commissioner Dent, Marshal Fred Douglass, Colonel James R. O'Brien, Professor T. Greener, Fathers Boyle and Healy, Colonel R. O'S. Burke, Dr. T. Antislav, Rev.

The meeting was organized by the selection of Judge Cartter as chairman, who, upon being introduced by Colonel O'Beirne, spoke as follows:

JUDGE CARTTER'S ADDRESS.

FELLOW-CITIZENS: After tendering my acknowledgments in view of the compliment to myself in calling me to preside over your deliberations, and in view of the fact that the existing distress, and

less complicated with political and property considerations, the relative rights of Ireland as a constituent of the British Empire, and the legal and relative rights of landlord and tenant in the disposition of titles, you will permit me to disavow, on your behalf and for myself, any purpose through the agency of this meeting to influence either of these considerations.

dition, that we will not interfere with the domestic political relations of the nations of Europe nor permit them to interfere with ours. This principle, rightly applied, is eminently wise when applied to our peculiar territorial condition, made inaccessible for purposes of invasion or external violence by the two oceans which stand guard on the East and the West, and possessed by them of all the material elements of power. Panama and the Isthmus are in the condition of absolute solitude and isolation and if trouble comes to this people we must borrow it by going abroad or create it within ourselves at home.

property relations of the subjects of Great Britain. They may be wrong, and, with reference to the tenure of real estate, they are wrong as viewed by Perpetuities and entail are inhibited by our Constitution and discouraged by the genius of all our institutions. Nevertheless, the inviolability of titles and the sacred character of contracts are watched with as much jealousy by our institutions and people as any nation on the Globe, and it is eminently proper it should be so.

from want. These homes are indispensable among a free, self-governed people. In the homes of these homes are first taught the lessons of authority and obedience, self-reliance and manhood, and in and around them are gathered the guarantees against future want—the providence of the husbandman. Without them and without this title that secures them to the owner, would survive agrarianism and communitism, not indigence and as yet unnaturalized in this country.

chance for the relief of the famishing, under the supreme law of humanity, which tolerates no discrimination on account of geography, but makes every man our neighbor and brother, and in the case of the appeal now made to us we ought to come to the relief with cheerful good will. The sufferers are largely of our bone and blood, target-identified with our beginning and progress: people constitutionally hospitable and generous to people who, under like circumstances, would do to others as they would we should do unto them.

The following additional officers were then nominated and elected:

Secretaries—J. R. O'Beirne, Major Richard Oulahan and James Fullerton.

Vice-Presidents—Messrs. Thomas Antisell, W. W. Carcraan, J. Dent, G. W. Riggs, H. King, H. M. Sweeney, W. H. Tenney, J. G. Barrett, Richard Wallace, M. G. Emory, S. J. Bowen, S. Wolf, A. M. Clapp, C. S. Noyes, L. Schade.

P. Morgan, W. H. Claggett, A. S. Pratt, D. Connolly, P. Maher, P. McLartney, P. Hickey, J. Ragan, William Sullivan, C. Ryan, J. Lawlor, T. Jennings, P. Sullivan, J. Fogarty, T. D. Daly, G. Juenemann, J. W. Backer and J. D. O'Connell.

THE SPEAKERS.

Dr. J. E. Rankin was then introduced, and his first act after bowing to the audience was to take up a glass of water and drink to the

Senator Thurman followed, and said the most eloquent speech a man could make on an occasion of this kind was to present a check on his banker.

Addresses were made by Senator Jones, of Florida, Hon. G. C. Gorham, Father Boyle, Hon. G. B. Loring, Massachusetts; Hon. E. J. Ellis, Louisiana; Hon. Benjamin Butterworth, Ohio; Hon. J. E. Keena, West Virginia, and Rev. Byron Sunderland, after which the chairman called for

SUBSCRIPTIONS

led off with a check for \$100, followed by W. W. Corcoran with one for \$1,000, and the enthusiasm that ensued beggars description. Every one in the house seemed determined to give something, and in a short time nearly \$2,000 was subscribed, the greater part being in cash.

The following preamble and resolutions were then read and unanimously adopted:

protector, in consequence of a failure of crops and other deplorable causes, great destitution and even starvation exist in many localities in Ireland and are imminent in several others; and

Whereas, There has always been a strong bond of sympathy between the people of the United States and the people of Ireland—a sympathy which has been expressed upon more than one occasion when trouble afflicted either country—therefore be it

Resolved, That the citizens of the United States in mass meeting assembled here in the city of

Resolved, That a suitable organization be appointed to collect subscriptions and forward the same to Ireland for distribution to the most efficient means to relieve the existing distress.

Resolved, That we tender our sincere thanks to the Hon. J. E. Keegan and other Members of Congress for their steady and cordial action in rendering early relief to the suffering people of Ireland.

Resolved, That in furtherance of the object of this

100